

Student Discipline and Due Process**Definitions**

1. Disciplinary measures include, but are not limited to, removal from the classroom, detention, in-school suspension, out-of school suspension, restriction from activities, probation, and expulsion.
2. Removal from the classroom means a student is sent to the building principal's office. It is within the discretion of the person in charge of the classroom to remove the student.
3. Detention means the student's presence is required during non-school hours for disciplinary purposes. The Principal is authorized to establish guidelines or protocol for when detention shall be served (either before school or after school.) Whether a student will serve detention, and the length of the detention, is within the discretion of the licensed employee disciplining the student or the Principal.
4. An in-school suspension means the student will attend school but will be temporarily isolated from one or more classes while under supervision. An in-school suspension will not exceed ten consecutive school days.
5. An out-of-school suspension means the temporary denial of a student's attendance at school for a specific period of time for gross misconduct or for neglect or refusal to conform to school rules or policies.
6. A restriction from school activities means a student will attend school and classes, but will not participate in school co-curricular activities.
7. Probation means a student is given a conditional suspension of a penalty for a definite period of time in addition to being reprimanded. The conditional suspension will mean the student must meet the conditions and terms for the suspension of the penalty. Failure of the student to meet these conditions and terms will result in immediate reinstatement of the penalty.
8. Expulsion means the denial of a student's attendance at school for any of the reasons listed in RSA 193:13, II and III.

Standards for Removal from Classroom and Detention

Students may be removed from the classroom at the classroom teacher's discretion if the student refuses to obey the teacher's directives, becomes disruptive, fails to abide by school rules or policies, or otherwise impedes the educational purpose of the class. Likewise, classroom teachers may assign students to detention for similar conduct. The Principal may assign students to detention under the same standard.

Standards for In-School Suspension, Restriction of Activities, and Probation

The Building Principal is authorized to issue in-school suspensions, restrictions of activities, or place a student on behavior probation for any conduct that causes material or substantial disruption to the school environment, interferes with the rights of others, presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, and visitors, violates other School Board Policies or is otherwise inappropriate is prohibited.

Process for Out-of-School Suspension

See Policy JIC-1, Prohibited Conduct

Process for Expulsion

See Policy JIC-1, Prohibited Conduct

Notice

This policy and school rules which inform the student body of the content of RSA 193:13 shall be printed in the student handbook and made available on the District's website to students, parents, and guardians. The Principal or designated building administrator shall also inform the student body concerning this policy and school rules which address the content of RSA 193:13 through appropriate means, which may include posting and announcements.

Legal References:

RSA 189:15, Regulations

RSA 193:13, Suspension & Expulsion of Pupils

RSA Chapter 193-D

NH Code of Administrative Rules, Section Ed 306.04(a)(3), Discipline

NH Code of Administrative Rules, Section Ed 306.04(f), Student Discipline Policy

NH Code of Administrative Rules, Section Ed 317.04, Suspension and Expulsion of Pupils Assuring Due Process Disciplinary Procedures

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